

$$a) \Gamma(y) = \Gamma_0 \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{2y}{b}\right)^2}, \quad \boxed{\gamma(y) = -\frac{d\Gamma}{dy} = \left(\frac{2}{b}\right)^2 \Gamma_0 \frac{y}{\sqrt{1 - (2y/b)^2}}}$$

Using $y = \frac{b}{2} \cos \theta$, $\sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{2y}{b}\right)^2} = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \theta} = \sin \theta$

$$\boxed{\gamma(\theta) = \frac{2\Gamma_0}{b} \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}}$$

$$I_V = \int_{-b/2}^{b/2} \gamma y dy = \int_0^\pi \gamma \frac{b}{2} \cos \theta \cdot \frac{b}{2} \sin \theta d\theta = \int_0^\pi \frac{2\Gamma_0}{b} \left(\frac{b}{2}\right)^2 \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \cdot \cos \theta \sin \theta d\theta$$

$$\boxed{I_V = \frac{\Gamma_0 b}{2} \int_0^\pi \cos^2 \theta d\theta = \frac{\pi}{4} \Gamma_0 b}$$

$$b) \boxed{I_V = \Gamma_V \frac{b_V}{2} + (-\Gamma_V) \left(-\frac{b_V}{2}\right) = \Gamma_V b_V}$$

$$c) \text{ Equating the } I_V \text{'s: } \boxed{b_V = \frac{\pi}{4} b = 0.785 b}$$

seems to match photo.